GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
TEXTILES
LOK SABHA

UNSTARRED QUESTION NO:839
ANSWERED ON:28.04.2016
Investment in Textile Industry
Devi Smt. Veena

Will the Minister of TEXTILES be pleased to state:

(a) whether there is enormous scope for increase in production and employment opportunities in the old textile industries in the country even though very low capital investments is required for the same;
(b) if so, the details thereof and the steps proposed to be taken by the Government thereon;
(c) the names of cities and districts/ urban areas where more than 25 per cent of local population is engaged in textile industries; and
(d) the future targets fixed by the Government for the expansion of this industry?

Answer

MINISTER OF STATE (INDEPENDENT CHARGE)
IN THE MINISTRY OF TEXTILES
(SHRI SANTOSH KUMAR GANGWAR)

(a) & (b): The production of textiles items depends on domestic consumption and export demand. However, the textile industry is showing an increasing trend during the last three years and the current year. The details of production and export during last three years and current year are given below-

Production & export of textile items
Item 2012-13 2013-14 2014-15 2015-16 (Apr-Feb)

Spun Yarn
(Mn Kg) 4868 5309 5488 5189
Man made fibre
(Mn Kg) 1263 1307 1344 1232
Man made filament yarn
(Mn Kg) 1371 1293 1248 1069
Fabrics (including Khadi, wool & silk) (Mn Sq.Mtr) 61949 62624 64333 59396
Exports (Mn US $) 34929 40852 41606 36086

Employment in textile industry also depends on expansion of textile industry. Opportunities for employment varies from segment to segment. However the down stream segments like weaving, Ready- made Garments, etc. being labour intensive, have greater scope for providing employment. In order to strengthen the textile industry in the country and generating employment opportunities in the new and existing textile industries the Government is implementing a number of policy initiatives and schemes such as Technology Upgradation Fund Scheme (TUFS), Scheme for Development of Technical Textiles, Schemes for the Development of the Powerloom Sector, Integrated Scheme for Powerloom Sector Development (ISPSD), Scheme for Integrated Textile Parks (SITP), Schemes for Development of Silk and Sericulture sectors, National Handloom Development Programme (NHDP), Comprehensive Handloom Cluster Development Scheme(CHCDS), Yarn supply Scheme etc. The Government of India has recently notified the Amended Technology Upgradation Fund Scheme (A-TUFS) for promoting modernization and attracting investment in textile industry.

(c): Information regarding cities/ Districts and urban areas where more than 25% of local population is engaged in textile industry is not maintained. However, by various interventions, Government has set up a number of textile clusters where a large number of local population is engaged in textile industries.
(d): Textiles being a deregulated sector, Government does not prescribe specific production targets for the industry.

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